

**OPTICAL PROPERTIES AND CONDUCTIVITY OF LANTHANUM  
SCANDATE IN HYDROGEN CONTAINING ATMOSPHERES. INFLUENCE  
OF DIFFERENT WAYS OF INTRODUCING OXYGEN NON-  
STOICHIOMETRY**

Vlasov M.I.<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Farlenkov A.S.<sup>1,2</sup>, Ananyev M.V.<sup>1,2</sup>, Stroeva A.Yu.<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>) Institute of High Temperature Electrochemistry, UB RAS, Yekaterinburg, Russia

<sup>2</sup>) Ural Federal University, Yekaterinburg, Russia

\*E-mail: [maxim.vlsv@yandex.ru](mailto:maxim.vlsv@yandex.ru)

Acceptor-doped oxides with perovskite structure  $ABO_3$  are widely used as a proton conducting materials in different high-temperature electrochemical devices [1]. The common way how protons can be introduced into oxide is interaction between this oxide and water vapor ( $H_2O$ ) [2]. Generally accepted mechanism of hydration is described by the following equation in the Kröger-Wink notation [1, 2]



However, protons also can be introduced into oxide from dry  $H_2$  atmospheres [2], and this case is much less studied. Recently we have shown that Sr-doped lanthanum scandate ( $La_{1-x}Sr_xScO_{3-x/2}$ ) can uptake protons from  $H_2$  gas phase [3] and studied its optical properties under such uptake [4]. We found that efficiency of such uptake as well as behavior of optical properties depends on concentration of Sr, i.e. concentration of oxygen vacancies [3, 4]. However, oxygen vacancies can be introduced into scandate not only by doping A-sublattice, but also B-sublattice, both A- and B- sublattices, and by specifying deficiency of cations. Therefore, in the present research we aim to study efficiency of proton uptake from dry  $H_2$  atmosphere and optical properties of lanthanum scandate under different ways of introducing the same amount of oxygen vacancies.

It is found that in dry  $H_2$  atmosphere conductivity of lanthanum scandate doped in both cation sublattices with Sr and Mg correspondingly is about one order of magnitude lower than for only Sr-doped sample. Results of optical properties study show that absorption near fundamental absorption edge appeared due to acceptor doping is composed of two bands. Phase of doped only into Sc-sublattice lanthanum scandate is much less stable and decomposes into phases of perovskite and lanthanum oxide. Other results on La-deficient lanthanum scandate are also presented.

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