

Tatarkin A.I., Kuklin A.A., Agarkov G.A.

SCENE ANALYSIS AS A BASIS OF OPTIMAL ACTIONS AGAINST SHADOW ECONOMY

A conclusion about assess method of shadow economy and decreasing its damage to the region economy. The methodology provides diagnostics of current and forecast crisis conditions caused by influences of shadow economy. The developed methodology is applied at consequences analysis of the actions against shadow economy damages bringing to social and economical development.

Naryshkin S.E.

ROLE OF A MUNICIPAL PART IN INNOVATIVE UPDATING THE RUSSIAN ECONOMY

In clause the attention to the question on participation of municipalities in innovative updating the country is brought, necessity of creation of new poles of the innovative development which are based at a municipal level shows, directions of support of innovative business, including small and average are offered.

Chabrieva T. Y.

MUNICIPAL REFORM IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

In clause historical digression of formation of local self-management to the Russian Federation is given, the basic problems constraining carrying out of municipal reform are allocated, necessity of improvement of legal base of local self-management is marked, organizational-legal measures on development of local self-management are offered.

Valentey S.D.

UPDATING OF MUNICIPAL REFORM IS ON THE BASIS OF GENERALLY ECONOMIC PRINCIPLE

In clause the problem of formation of the local factors of strengthening of the national economy of Russia rises, necessity of updating of the municipal reform proves, corresponding measures which should follow from the generally economic principle of an definition of administrative-territorial structure of the local self-management are offered.

Tatarkin A.I., Bochko V.S.

PROBLEMS AND DIRECTIONS OF THE FURTHER PERFECTION OF LOCAL SELF-MANAGEMENT

In clause the theoretical aspects of limits of independence of local self-management, his dependence on a level Development a civil society are considered, the importance of activization of local self-management is opened, including through use of public hearings, the necessity of a material embodiment of local self-management is shown by way of strategic development of territories, the inclusion of local self-management in expansion innovation and Economy of energy of managing in territory is proved.

Kulkova V.Y., Mucharyamova L.M.

REFORMING OF LOCAL SELF-MANAGEMENT: THE RUSSIAN EXPERTS IN A CONTEXT OF WORLD EXPERIENCE

The analysis of on-going reforms of local self-governing bodies (municipalities) in the Republic of Tatarstan, the Republic of Mari El and Sverdlovskaya oblast is given in the article below. The analysis was carried out on the basis of accumulated foreign countries experience with regard to the types, structures and modules of local self-governing bodies.

Sidorova E.N.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE INSTITUTIONAL BASIS FOR FINANCING THE PUBLIC SECTOR OF THE REGIONAL ECONOMY

This article considers the problems of financial support of the regional and municipal economy development. Formation of the institutional basis for the budgeting process and budgets interactions between the territories of different levels are shown on the base of retrospective analysis of foundation and development of budget federalism in Russia. Attraction of entrepreneurial sector resources on the conditions of public-private partnership is discussed as additional finance source and definite particularities of this process are described in line with the possibilities of their appliance.

Tatarkin D.A.

PERFECTION RUSSIAN TAX FEDERALISM AS THE FACTOR OF INCREASE COMPETITIVENESS OF INDUSTRIALLY ADVANCED REGIONS

In the article problems of increase of competitiveness of industrially advanced regions are considered on the basis of optimization of system of differentiation of tax powers and tax incomes, stimulating authorities of different levels to develop own tax potential, to form economic sources for self-development and to carry out a responsible financial policy in interests of the population. The basic background of research became the ground of an opportunity to transfer the principles of a competition on mutual relations of authorities of a various level, thus determining economic advantages of decentralization control system of territory development.

Gitelman L.D., Isaev A. P.

METHODS OF INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY OF REGIONAL INDUSTRIES

The issue of innovative processes activity in corporate business is considered in this paper. The conceptual model of innovative infrastructure of the region is suggested. The model includes corporate universities and their research methodology centre. The conclusion the authors came to about mutual impact of new infrastructural elements on innovative activity of universities and academic institutes is well grounded.

Animitza E.G., Novikova N.V., Suhih V.A.

DYNAMICS, CHANGE OF PROPORTIONS AND MAINTENANCES OF STRUCTURAL TRANSFORMATIONS IN ECONOMY OF THE PERM EDGE

In clause the processes describing change of structure of economy of one of most typical old-industrial regions of Russia – the Perm edge are considered. With use of parameters of the integrated and developed structure of economy by authors processes of becoming in territory of region of economy of postindustrial type, formation of elements of new economy are re-

vealed, and within the limits of last processes of origin of elements of socioeconomy are allocated.

Ignatieva E.D., Mariev O.S.

METHODICAL ATTITUDE TO ANALYSES OF REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT STABILITY ON THE BASIS OF KOHONEN'S SELF-ORGANIZING MAPS

A purpose of this paper is the development of regional socioeconomic systems analysis methodology. Methodical attitude to the estimation of the Russian Federation subject socioeconomic development stability is considered. The base of this estimation is an analysis of the typological groups and socioeconomic well-being indicators of the socioeconomic subsystems (municipalities) placed on the Federation subject territory. Original instruments of this analysis on the basis of Kohonen's Self-Organizing Maps are proposed.

Panteleyev V.J.

THE PROBLEMS OF THE INCREASE OF EFFICIENCY OF ACTIVITY OF POLICE ORGANS OF ECONOMICAL SAFETY PROVISION IN THE REGIONS OF RUSSIA

At the article the problems of provision economical safety of the consumer market sphere are discussed. The author defines of legal relations of consumer market sphere as legal regulation of sphere of production and trade goods (works, services), provision of protection rights, interests, life, health, safety of material and spiritual consumption of population and also economic, ecological, product, other kinds of national safety of Russian Federations. He analyses the condition of economical crimes of Sverdlovsk region and the Ural Federal District and its influence on shadow economy. He offers the measures increasing interaction between government bodies of Russian Federation and subjects RF, the measures altering legislation and application the innovation technologies for counteraction economical crimes. In the author's opinion these measures have to foresee the development of state programmes of support of small business in consumer market sphere.

Kungurtzeva G.N., Surkova S.A.

APPROACHES TO SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DIVISION INTO DISTRICTS OF REGION ON EXAMPLE OF KURGAN REGION

In clause various approaches to social and economic division into districts are considered and on their basis division into districts of territory of Kurgan region is spent directly. Feature of the author's approach consists in integrated approach of applied techniques that promotes minimization of lacks of each of them. It allows to reflect with the greatest reliability a social and economic situation in municipal areas of area and to lead more effective social and economic division into districts of region.

Akberdina V.V.

STRUCTURAL SHIFTS IN ECONOMY OF SVERDLOVSK REGION: PROBLEMS, TENDENCY OF THE DEVELOPMENT

The article is devoted to the analysis of interrelations between structural shifts and economic dynamics in application to economy of Sverdlovsk region from positions of beginning postindustrial stage. The shifts in structure of economy are examined not only as a result of economic development, but also as the rather important factor of steady progress of economy.

The task of structural reorganization of economy of Sverdlovsk region is caused globalization of the international economic relations.

Zyrjanov A.V., Zueva O.N.

INTERACTION OF LOGISTICAL PROCESSES OF HOUSEHOLD AND THE ORGANIZATIONS OF TRADE

Article is devoted to a problem of use of the logistical approach to research потоковых processes of household and the organizations of trade on a commodity market and services. Households are considered as the collective subject of behaviour and a closing link of a logistical circuit. In work segmentation of the enterprises of retail trade for the proved choice of strategy of their development, formation target perspective programs is lead at a regional level in view of regional specificity. Affirms, that development, accommodation, quantitative and qualitative transformation of the organizations of trade and sphere of services directly depend on a standard of living of the population, solvent demand concrete Household.

Yandyganov Y.Y, Kozlova N.I., Vlasova E.Y.

DIRECTION OF REHABILITATION POLICY ON LIQUIDATION OF CONSEQUENCES OF A RADIATING EXTREME SITUATION IN KURGAN REGION

Radioecological situation in Kurgan region as consequence of activity of the largest nuclear enterprise of the country, presence of the territories which have suffered from radioactive pollution, put enforcement authorities of the region before necessity constantly to react to the extremely adverse ecological conditions. The set of the radiation-ecological factors affecting social and economic development of polluted territories, health and mood of the population, has no analogues in Russia, therefore it is necessary to offer and formulate the basic directions of rehabilitation policy on liquidation of consequences of radiation extreme situation for a conclusion of similar territories from crisis.

Grebenkin A.V., Shkurko V.E.

OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS IN A CONTROL SYSTEM OF INNOVATIVE PROJECTS OF ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The definition of the organizational development innovative project and the technique of its estimation is in this article offered. The distinctive special feature of this method is comparison of opportunities and risks by means of essentially new system of the parameters. These parameters allow to receive a complex estimation of a condition of organizational development innovative projects. Approbation of the offered estimated technique has been lead on set of organizational development innovative projects which were realized at the enterprises of a various branch accessory. The hypothesis about necessity of definition of a condition of the project by means of an estimation of opportunities and their comparisons to risks is confirmed.

Kuzmin A.I., Lopaeva V.A.

METHODOLOGICAL AND PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF THE SHAPING PARAMETER FOR FORECASTING SPEAKERS POPULATIONS NORTH TERRITORY SVERDLOVSK AREA

The article considers the variants of practical forming of the territorial policy of strategic administration on the basis of complex forecasting. The basis of the forecasting model is made

up by cyclical patterns of R-waves formed by the social and economic statistics and the results of public opinion polls.

Sambursky A.M., Khodorovsky M.Y.

ENTERPRISE VALUE MANAGEMENT MECHANISM

There is brief analysis of the existing methods of enterprise value management mechanism and provision of definition of value in the article. The Article reveals usage specificity of balanced scorecard concept for realization of strategy for company value maximizing. The author's approach to the model of enterprise value management is provided.

Krivorotov V.V., Vyvarets K.A.

THE IMPROVEMENT OF ESTIMATION TECHNIQUE FOR EFFECTIVENESS OF INVESTMENT PROJECTS ON WASTE UTILIZATION

The main tendencies of the waste products formation and recycling in the Russian Federation and in the Sverdlovsk region have been analyzed and the principal factors restraining the inclusion of anthropogenic formations into the economic circulation have been revealed in the work. A technical approach to the estimation of both ecological and economic integral efficiency of the recycling projects that, in authors' opinion, secures higher objectivity of this estimation as well as the validity of the made decisions on their realization.

Ovcharov A.O.

REGIONAL RISKS OF THE TOURIST INDUSTRY

In the article the regional problems of tourism in the context of the influence of the economic risks are examined. The group of regions on the level of the development of tourism is carried out on the basis of data of Russian statistics. The model of the estimation of the regional tourist risks is proposed. The prospects for regional tourism from the positions of the functioning of the special tourist- recreational zones are shown.

Kusmin D.A.

APPLICATION OF CONTROLLING TOOLS IN THE PROCESS OF COMPANY MANAGEMENT

It was analyzed the process of company value management. It is shown, that value added of produced in the company products and services is the source of the companies' value growth. The model of value added creation allows to determine strategies of value growth of a company. Controlling tools allow to fix efficiency of using any strategy in the certain company to achieve value growth of the company.

Babaeva Z.S.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE LEASING MECHANISM IN REPUBLIC DAGESTAN AND ITS STATE SUPPORT

In clause development of the investment process by means of application of the leasing mechanism in Republic Dagestan is investigated and the analysis of a condition of the regional market of leasing services is given. Also the purposes and directions of the state participation in development of leasing at a regional level are considered. The measures promoting development of leasing in region are offered.

Frolov D.P., Grushevskiy D.V.

THE INSTITUTIONAL AND ECONOMIC NATURE OF THE CLUSTERS

In article the judgement of the nature of business-clusters, the reasons and contradictions of their formation on the basis of development of ideas of school of Nobel winner R. Koase and G.B. Klejner's system-integration theory is offered. Necessity of the account of institutional factors during management of process of clasterization and a importance of development of the evolutionary approach to studying cluster forms of spatial integration is proved.

Otchepkov V.M., Prudskiy V.G.

THE ROLE OF THE NON-MATERIAL ACTIVES IN REGIONAL ECONOMICS DEVELOPMENT

In clause the special attention is given to a problem of an estimation of the importance of non-material actives for economic development as region as a whole, and the separate enterprises, based on foreign practice. The objective and subjective reasons of weak involving of non-material actives in economic circulation of region are revealed. Ways of overcoming of problems of inefficient use of non-material actives are offered.

Rastvortseva S.N.

THEORETICAL BASES OF REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT EFFICIENCY MANAGEMENT

The article deals with theoretical problems of region efficiency managements. In the thesis the main categories of efficiency management theory was specified: "efficiency", "optimality", "efficiency management"; efficiency forms classification was developed; the one was placed in the some social and economic levels. Also in the article the necessity of efficiency management in regions was found and the region efficiency management model was offered.

Syrov A.N.

METHODOLOGICAL ASPECT OF TERRITORIAL POLICY ELABORATION IN A SUBJECT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

A topical issue for Russian regional management is studied in the paper: inclusion of municipal entities and urban districts into the process of regional strategic development taking into account available resources. Practice of municipal management in a region is analyzed. The author brings forward a technique of calculation of territories' economic potential, formulates perspective vectors of development of territorial policy in a region.

Berezikova E.N., Noskova E.S.

INNOVATION POTENTIAL OF RUSSIAN NORTHERN REGIONS: DEVELOPMENT TRENDS

In the work for the first time a methodology of complex evaluation of innovation potentials of the regions is proposed. As a result the index of innovation potentials of Russian northern regions was determined, and on its basis all regions are referred to groups corresponding their innovation rating. A system of measures on stimulation of innovation activities in regions has been proposed