III-38 CONSTRUCTION OF FIVE-MEMBERED HETEROCYCLES USING CALCIUM CARBIDE

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Abstract. Calcium carbide is a multifunctional reagent for organic synthesis. Calcium carbide is an easy-to-dose solid acetylene source, which has been applied in a wide variety of chemical transformations [1]. Using calcium carbide as a surrogate of acetylene, a range of vinyl derivatives, substituted alkynes, triazoles, pyrroles, pyrazoles, and other heterocyclic compounds was successfully synthesized [1-3].

In our research calcium carbide was applied for the construction of pyrrole and triazole cycles. An interaction of functionalized azides and calcium carbide led us to synthesize triazoles **1a-c** (reaction **A**). Reacting with cyclic oximes, calcium carbide transformed to vinylpyrroles **2a-d**, included into bi- or tricyclic systems (reaction **B**).



References

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