OR-65

OPTIMIZATION OF CATALYST STRUCTURE FOR ASYMMETRIC ALLYLATION-TYPE REACTIONS OF FUNCTIONALIZED TRICHLOROSILANES WITH AROMATIC ALDEHYDES

Vaganov V. Y., a Yasuaki F., b Rubtsov A. E., a Malkov A. V.b

^a Perm State University, Perm, 614990, Russia, ^b Loughborough University, Loughborough, LE11 3TU, U.K E-mail: vaganov@psu.ru

Abstract. Axially-chiral bipyridine-dioxides could be a powerful tool for asymmetric allylation-type reactions with various trichlorosilanes. In this work, we report about our recent achievements in asymmetric propargylation reactions and asymmetric allylation with γ -functionalized allyltrichlorosylanes with focusing on optimization of catalyst structure. The optimization is based on DFT-calculations and statistical regression analysis (using the large library of optimization experiments). In this work we've designed a series of new chiral Lewis Bases, show their excellent catalytic ability in the reaction of asymmetric propargylation of aromatic and α -unsaturated aldehydes, and show their applicability in both *syn*- and *anti*-cl-allylation of aromatic aldehydes.

The reactions proceed with high level of chemo- and stereoselectivity

Cl + HSiCl₃
$$\stackrel{iPr_2EtNH_2 (2 \text{ equiv.}), Et_2O,}{[Ni(acac)_2] (0.05\text{mol}\%)}$$
 SiCl₃ + SiCl₃ $\stackrel{\circ}{}$ SiCl₃ + SiCl₃

S. Kobayashi at.all. Tetrahedron, 2006. 62(2-3): p. 496-502.

Acknowledgment

The authors thank the Russian Science Foundation for Grant 18-73-10156-II